

Euronext response to the Commission consultation on the EU Green Bond Standard

Questions on the potential need for an official / formalised EU GBS

Q1. In your view, which of the problems mentioned below is negatively affecting the EU green bond market today? How important are they?

Please rate as follows: 1= no impact at all, 2= almost no impact, 3= some impact, 4= strong impact, 5= very strong impact

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't know/no opinion/not applicable |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Absence of economic benefits associated with the issuance of green bonds | | | | Х | | |
| Lack of available green projects and assets | | | Χ | | | |
| Uncertainty regarding green definitions | | | Х | | | |
| Complexity of external review procedures | | | Х | | | |
| Cost of the external review procedure(s) | | | Х | | | |
| Costly and burdensome reporting processes | | | Х | | | |
| Uncertainty with regards to the eligibility of certain types of assets (physical and financial) and expenditure (capital and operating expenditure) | | | | Х | | |
| Lack of clarity concerning the practice for the tracking of proceeds | | | | X | | |
| Lack of transparency and comparability in the market for green bonds | | | | X | | |
| Doubts about the green quality of green bonds and risk of green washing | | | | Х | | - |
| Other | | | Χ | | | |

Please specify what you referred to as 'other' in question 1:

(5000 character(s) maximum)

Another obstacle to the development of the green bond market is the lack of transparency with private placements, as this results in limited disclosure which hinders investor access to relevant information.

Q2. To what extent do you agree that an EU GBS as proposed by the TEG would address the problems and barriers mentioned above in question 1?

Please rate as follows: 1= very negative impact, 2= rather negative impact, 3= no impact, 4= rather positive impact, 5= very positive impact

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't |
|---|---|---|---|---|---------|
| | | | | | know/no |

| | | | | | opinion/not applicable |
|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| Absence of economic benefits associated with the issuance | | Х | | | |
| of green bonds | | | | | |
| Lack of available green projects and assets | | X | | | |
| Uncertainty regarding green definitions | | | | Χ | |
| Complexity of external review procedures | | Х | | | |
| Cost of the external review procedure(s) | Χ | | | | |
| Costly and burdensome reporting processes | Χ | | | | |
| Uncertainty with regards to the eligibility of certain types of assets (physical and financial) and expenditure (capital and operating expenditure) | | | Х | | |
| Lack of clarity concerning the practice for the tracking of proceeds | | | Х | | |
| Lack of transparency and comparability in the market for green bonds | | | | Х | |
| Doubts about the green quality of green bonds and risk of green washing | | | Х | | |
| Other | | | | | |

| (5000 character(s) maximum) | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | | |

Q3. To what extent do you agree with the proposed core components of the EU GBS as recommended by the TEG?

Please rate as follows: 1= strongly disagree, 2= rather disagree, 3= neutral, 4= rather agree, 5= strongly agree

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't know/no opinion/not applicable |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alignment of eligible green projects with the EU Taxonomy | | | | Х | | |
| Requirement to publish a Green Bond Framework before issuance | | | Х | | | |
| Requirement to publish an annual allocation report | | | | | Х | |
| Requirement to publish an environmental impact report at least once before final allocation | | | | Х | | |
| Requirement to have the (final) allocation report and the Green Bond framework verified | | | | Х | | |

Q3.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 3:

Please specify what you referred to as 'other' in question 2:

(5000 character(s) maximum)

Euronext fully supports the proposed EU Green Bond standards and believes the core components will ensure a robust framework that will enhance the green bond market in general to the benefit of both issuers and investors alike. In particular, we believe the verification process will result in a consistent approach being taken with respect to compliance with the required standards, and this will ensure the overall integrity of the framework.

| green bond (it is common in the green bond market to have reporting on the bond). These reporting requirements are not related to disclosure requirements for companies or funds, which arise from the EU Taxonomy Regulation or the Sustainability –related Disclosures Regulation. |
|---|
| a) The Green Bond Framework: |
| ☑ Yes, I do agree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Framework |
| \square No, I disagree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Framework |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Please explain why you disagree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Framework: (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| b) The Green Bond Allocation Report: |
| ☑ Yes, I do agree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Allocation Report |
| \square No, I disagree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Allocation Report |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Please explain why you disagree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Allocation Report: (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| c) The Green Bond Impact Report: |
| ☑ Yes, I do agree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Impact Report |
| \square No, I disagree with the proposed content of the Green Bond Impact Report |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Please explain why you disagree with the proposed content of the Gren Bond Impact Report: (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| Q5 - Do you expect that the requirement to have the Green Bond Framework and the Final Allocation report verified (instead of alternatives such as a second-party opinion) will create a disproportionate market barrier for third party opinion providers that currently assess the alignment of EU green bonds with current market standards or other evaluation criteria? |
| □ Yes |
| □ No |

Q4. Do you agree with the proposed content of the following documents as recommended by the TEG? Please note that these reporting requirements refer only to the requirements in relation to the issued

☑ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Q5.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 5:
(5000 character(s) maximum)

Questions on the use of proceeds and the link to the EU Taxonomy

Q6 - Do you agree that 100% of the use of proceeds of green bonds should be used to finance or refinance physical or financial assets or green expenditures that are green as defined by the Taxonomy?

☐ Yes, with no flexibility

☑ Yes, but with some flexibility (i.e. <100% alignment)

☐ No

☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please indicate what thresholds you would suggest:

Please explain why you would suggest that thresholds:

(Only values between 1 and 99 are allowed)

(5000 character(s) maximum)

99

100% of the use of proceeds of green bonds should be used to finance or refinance physical or financial assets or green expenditures that are green as defined by the Taxonomy.

However, a small amount of flexibility should be allowed to cater for small levels of expenditure which might not have been envisaged by the TEG but may still have a genuine use case, taking into account the materiality level. This would provide issuers with a slight margin for eventual corrections in the green assets portfolio.

Q6.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to guestion 6:

(5000 character(s) maximum)

In principle, we support the TEG's proposal by which an EU GBS aligned green bond should be fully aligned with the EU Taxonomy for its use of proceeds. This would allow legal certainty and trust in the market. However, provided that the criteria for the remaining part of the use of proceeds which are not 100% aligned is clear, we would favour a more flexible approach. We envisage that the DNSH test as defined by the EU Taxonomy could apply i.e. the remaining part of the proceeds should be used in projects that meet the DNSH criteria as defined by the Taxonomy.

It should not be possible to label a bond as a green bond unless the use of proceeds are almost exclusively for 'Green' activities. Aligning as closely as possible with the Taxonomy ensures common understanding and definitions. However, as the TEG has likely not considered every possible eventuality some flexibility should be allowed for the use of proceeds.

| Q7 - The TEG proposes that in cases where |
|--|
| 1. the technical screening criteria have not yet been developed for a specific sector or a specific |
| environmental objective or |
| 2. where the developed technical screening criteria are considered not directly applicable due to the innovative nature, complexity, and/or the location of the green projects, the issuer should be allowed to rely on the fundamentals of the Taxonomy to verify the alignment of their green projects with the Taxonomy. |
| This would mean that the verifier confirms that the green projects would nevertheless |
| i. substantially contribute to one of the six environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, |
| ii. do no significant harm to any of these objectives, andiii. meet the minimum safeguards of the Taxonomy Regulation. |
| Do you agree with this approach? |
| The TEG proposes that in cases where the technical screening criteria have not yet been developed for a specific sector or a specific environmental objective or where the developed technical screening criteria are considered not directly applicable due to the innovative nature, complexity, and/or the location of the green projects, the issuer should be allowed to rely on the fundamentals of the Taxonomy to verify the alignment of their green projects with the Taxonomy. |
| This would mean that the verifier confirms that the green projects would nevertheless |
| i. substantially contribute to one of the six environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy |
| Regulation, ii. do no significant harm to any of these objectives, and iii. meet the minimum safeguards of the Taxonomy Regulation. |
| ☑ Yes, both 1 and 2 |
| ☐ Yes, but only for 1 |
| ☐ Yes, but only for 2 |
| □ No |
| □ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Q7.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 7: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| Euronext supports the current technical screening criteria of the EU Taxonomy Regulation which appears to be very comprehensive. However, the pace of innovation and change within the Green Bond /ESG finance over the past few years has been very rapid. In the circumstances outlined above, ahead of any possible recalibration / amendments to the TSC, it would seem prudent to allow very limited deviations from the technical screening criteria, providing verification with the above three points is confirmed. |
| |

Q7.2 - Do you see any other reasons to deviate from the technical screening criteria when devising the conditions that Green Bond eligible projects or assets need to meet?

☐ Yes

| ⊠ No |
|---|
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| |
| Q7.3 - If you do see any other reasons, please clearly specify the reason for your answer and, where applicable, the respective area or (taxonomy-defined) activity: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| Q8 - As part of the alignment with the EU Taxonomy, issuers of EU Green Bonds would need to demonstrate that the investments funded by the bond meet the requirements on do-no-significant-harm (DNSH) and minimum safeguards. The TEG has provided guidance in both its Taxonomy Final Report and the EU GBS user guide on how issuers could show this alignment. |
| Do you foresee any problems in the practical application of the DNSH and minimum safeguards for the purpose of issuing EU Green bonds? |
| □ Yes |
| ⊠ No |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Q8.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 8: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| We do not expect any major difficulties in practically applying the DNSH and minimum safeguards but the Commission should monitor and assess how this will work in practice through the Platform on Sustainable Finance. |
| Since accredited verifiers are working individually, responses can differ significantly. |
| DNSH and minimum safeguards are new concepts to the green bond market and will require the development of best practice in this area. Some first analysis conducted shows that the due diligence process may be complicated and expensive. |
| Q9 - Research and Development (R&D) plays a crucial role in the transition to a more sustainable economy, and the proposed EU GBS by the TEG explicitly includes such expenditure as eligible use of proceeds. |
| Do you think the EU GBS should provide further guidance on these types of activities, to either solve specific issues with green R&D or further boost investment in green R&D? |
| \square Yes, as there are specific issues related to R&D that should be clarified |
| ☐ Yes, the proposed EU GBS by the TEG should be changed to boost R&D |
| \square No, the proposed EU GBS by the TEG is sufficiently clear on this point |
| ☑ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |

Q9.1 - If you do think the EU GBS should provide further guidance on these types of activities, please identity the relevant issues or incentives:

| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
|--|
| |
| |
| Q9.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 9: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| The EU GBS should provide more specific guidance on these types of activities as R&D is fundamental for certain investments and help boost the amount of available eligible green projects. |
| Questions on grandfathering and new investments |
| Q10 - Should specific changes be made to the TEG's proposed standard to ensure that green bonds lead to more new green investments? |
| □ Yes |
| □ No |
| ☑ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| Q10.1 - If you are in favour of changes, please explain what changes should be made |
| 5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| |
| Q10.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 10: |
| 5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| |
| Q11 - The EU Taxonomy technical screening criteria will be periodically reviewed. This may cause a change in the status of issued green bonds if the projects or assets that they finance are no longer eligible under the recalibrated taxonomy. |
| In your opinion, should an EU Green Bond maintain its status for the entire term to maturity regardless of newly adapted taxonomy criteria? |
| \square Yes, green at issuance should be green for the entire term to maturity of the bond |
| ☑ No, but there should be some grandfathering |
| \Box No, there should be no grandfathering at all. If you no longer meet the updated criteria, the bond can no longer be considered green |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant |
| |
| Q11.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 11: |
| 5000 character(s) maximum) |

In our view if the recalibration of the taxonomy results in certain projects or assets no longer being deemed eligible, we consider that there should be a transitional period to allow the issuer adapt to these developments. If an activity is identified as harmful at some point in the future, it would not

be appropriate for it to be allowed continue benefiting from this label indefinitely until the maturity date, but we suggest the issuer should be given 5 years to adapt its activities so that they can continue to be in compliance with the revised taxonomy.

| Q11.2 - If you think there should some grandfathering, whit? | nat should the | e ma | ximu | m an | ount | of years for |
|--|----------------|-------|--------|------|-------|---|
| ☐ 3 years | | | | | | |
| ⊠ 5 years | | | | | | |
| ☐ 10 years | | | | | | |
| ☐ 20 years | | | | | | |
| ☐ Different approach all together | | | | | | |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant | | | | | | |
| Q11.3 - Please explain different approach all together you | ı would sugge | est: | | | | |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Question on incentives | | | | | | |
| Q12 - Stakeholders have noted that the issuance process for a corresponding plain vanilla bond. | for a green | bond | d is o | ften | more | costly than |
| Which elements of issuing green bonds do you believe lea | ad to extra co | sts, | if any | ? | | |
| Please rate as follows: 1= No additional costs, 2= low ext very high extra cost | ra cost, 3= ex | ktra | cost, | 4= h | gh ex | ktra cost, 5= |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't know/no opinion/not applicable |
| Verification | | | | Χ | | |
| Reporting | | | Х | | | |
| More internal planning and preparation Other | | | | | Х | X |
| Other | | | | | | Λ |
| Please specify what are the other elements of issuing gree (5000 character(s) maximum) | en bonds you | are | refer | ring | to: | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Q12.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to | question 12 | 2, ar | d if | poss | ible, | provide the |

Q12.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 12, and if possible, provide the estimated percentage and monetary increase in costs from issuing using the EU GBS, or – ideally – the costs (or cost ranges) for issuing green bonds under the current market regimes and the estimated costs (or cost range) for issuing under the EU GBS:

(5000 character(s) maximum)

| Q13 - In your view, how would the costs of an official standard as proposed by the TEG compare to existing market standards? |
|---|
| ☐ 1 – Substantially smaller |
| ☐ 2 – Somehow smaller |
| \square 3 – Approximately the same |
| □ 4 – Somehow higher |
| ☐ 5 — Substantially higher |
| |
| Q13.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 13: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| In our view, the EU GBS will result in increased costs as there will be more reporting requirements and the verification process may also lead to more expenses for the issuer. |

Q14 - Do you believe that specific financial or alternative incentives are necessary to support the uptake of EU green bonds (green bonds following the EU GBS), and at which level should such incentives be applied (issuers and/or investor)?

Please express your view on the potential impact:

Please rate as follows: 1= very low impact, 2= rather low impact, 3= a certain impact, 4= rather high impact, 5= very high impact

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't know/no opinion/not applicable |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Public guarantee schemes provided at EU level, as e.g. InvestEU | | | | X | | |
| Alleviations from prudential requirements | | | | Х | | |
| Other financial incentives or alternative incentives for investors | | | | Х | | |
| Other incentives or alternative incentives for issuers? | | | | | | |

Q14.1 - Please specify the reasons for your answer to question 14, in particular if you indicated an important impact of "other incentives or alternative incentives":

(5000 character(s) maximum)

Euronext generally supports the incentives proposed by the TEG EU GBS Report in its chapter five. https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/business_economy_euro/banking_and_finance/docume_nts/190618-sustainable-finance-teg-report-green-bond-standard_en.pdf

Given the likely higher costs of issuing a green/social bond, but the obviously desirable circumstances, it would be advisable to offer issuers in particular an incentive to issue these kinds of instruments

Other questions related to the EU GBS

The EU GBS as recommended by the TEG is intended to apply to any type of issuer: listed or non-listed, public or private, European or international.

| Q15 - Do you foresee any issues for public sector issuers in followi TEG? | ng th | e Sta | ndar | d as | prop | osed by the | | |
|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|---------|---|--|--|
| □ Yes | | | | | | | | |
| ⊠ No | | | | | | | | |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant | | | | | | | | |
| Q15.1 - Please explain your answer to question 15: | | | | | | | | |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) | | | | | | | | |
| Since the purpose of GBS is to be globally relevant and accessible as to issuers located outside the EU. There should be no separar sectors or issuers. | | | | | | | | |
| Q16 - Do you consider that green bonds considerably increase the improve the cost of financing for green projects or assets? | over | all fu | ındin | g ava | ailable | e to or | | |
| ⊠ Yes | | | | | | | | |
| □ No | | | | | | | | |
| ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant | | | | | | | | |
| Q16.1 - Please explain your answer to question 16. | | | | | | | | |
| If possible, please provide estimates as to additional funds rais conditions: | ed o | r cur | rent | pref | ferent | tial funding | | |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Questions on Social Bonds and COVID19 | | | | | | | | |
| Q17 - To what extent do you agree with the following statements? | ? | | | | | | | |
| Please rate as follows: 1= strongly disagree, 2= rather disagree, 3= | neuti | al, 4 | = ratl | her a | gree, | 5= strongly | | |
| agree | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Don't know/no opinion/not applicable | | |
| Social bonds are an important instrument for financial | | | | | Χ | аррпсаые | | |
| markets to achieve social objectives. | | | | | | | | |
| Social bonds targeting COVID19 are an important instrument for financial markets in particular to help fund public and private | | | | | X | | | |
| response to the socio- economic impacts of the pandemic. | | | | | | | | |
| Social bonds targeting COVID19 are mostly a marketing tool with limited impact on funding public and private responses to | Х | | | | | | | |

| the socio- economic impact of the pandemic. | | | | |
|---|--------|--------------|----------|----------|
| Social bonds in general are mostly a marketing tool with limited | Χ | | | |
| impact on social objectives. | | | | |
| Social bonds in general require greater transparency and market | | Х | | |
| integrity if the market is to grow. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q18 - The Commission is keen on supporting financial markets in a | neetir | ng social in | nvestmei | nt needs |
| Please select one option below and explain your choice: | | | | |

| Q18 - The Commission is keen on supporting financial markets in meeting social investment needs |
|--|
| Please select one option below and explain your choice: |
| \Box The Commission should develop separate non-binding social bond guidance, drawing on the lessons from the ongoing COVID19, to ensure adequate transparency and integrity |
| ☐ The Commission should develop an official EU Social Bond Standard, targeting social objectives. |
| \Box The Commission should develop an official "Sustainability Bond Standard", covering both environmental and social objectives. |
| ☐ Other Commission action is needed |
| \square No Commission action is needed in terms of social bonds and COVID19. |
| Please specify what other Commission action(s) is needed: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| Q18.1 - Please explain your answer to question 18 |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| Ideally, we believe the EU should leverage the social bond principles already laid out, and should endorse these through an official standard. |
| Q19 - In your view, to what extent would financial incentives for issuing a social bond help increase the issuance of such bonds? |
| ☑ 1 – Very strong increase |
| ☐ 2- Rather strong increase |
| ☐ 3 — Rather low increase |
| ☐ 4- Very low increase |
| ☐ 5 — No increase at all |
| Q19.1 - Please explain what kind of financial incentives would be needed: |
| (5000 character(s) maximum) |
| |
| |